Name ELA TIMS

The Giver

by Lois Lowry

Literature Guide

	Period	
Name		,

Vocabulary List

Directions: Use a dictionary or the author's words to find the meanings of the following words from <u>The Giver</u>. Your teacher will direct you to do this lesson either as you read each chapter or as a pre-reading activity. Whatever method your teacher chooses, be sure to keep this list and your definitions to use in vocabulary exercises and to study for quizzes and tests.

Chapters One-Two

- 1. ironic (2)
- 2. palpable (3)
- 3. wheedle (5)
- 4. disposition (7)
- 5. transgression (9)
- 6. awed (12)
- 7. technically (13)
- 8. aptitude (15)

Chapters Three-Four

- 1. chastise (20)
- 2. petulantly (22)
- 3. remorse (23)
- 4. conviction (24)
- 5. hasten (27)
- 6. tabulated (28)
- 7. nuisance (30)
- 8. chortled (33)

Chapters Five-Six

- 1. disquieting (34)
- 2. emblem (41)
- 3. reprieve (42)
- 4. relinquish (42)
- 5. exuberant (44)
- 6. infringed (46)
- 7. meticulously (48)
- 8. scrupulously (48)

Chapters Seven-Eight

- 1. profound (51)
- 2. prestige (53)
- 3. retroactive (54)
- 4. avert (57)
- 5. benign (59)
- 6. indolence (61)
- 7. unanimous (61)
- 8. spontaneously (64)

Chapters Nine-Ten

- 1. throng (65)
- 2. dismounting (66)
- 3. relish (68)
- 4. integral (70)
- 5. origin (73)
- 6. alcove (74)
- 7. successor (76)
- 8. apprehensively (79)

Chapters Eleven-Twelve

- 1. torrent (81)
- 2. glee (82)
- 3. obsolete (84)
- 4. wincing (86)
- 5. commerce (89)
- 6. admonition (89) 7. dumbfounded (93)
- 8. wryly (95)

Chapters Thirteen-Fourteen

- 1. irrationally (99)
- 2. sinuous (100)
- 3. assimilated (104)
- 4. embedded (106)
- 5. agony (109)
- 6. assuage (110)
- 7. ominous (113)
- 8. placidly (114)

Chapters Fifteen-Seventeen

- 1. anguish (118)
- 2. ecstatic (122)
- 3. wisp (125)
- 4. permeated (131)
- 5. injustice (132)
- 6. expertise (134) 7. trudged (135)
- 8. glum (136)

Chapters Eighteen-Twenty

- 1. dejected (139)
- 2. excruciating (140)
- 3. inflict (142)
- 4. afterthought (146)
- 5. wretched (151)
- 6. empowered (153)
- 7. acquire (156)
- 8. solace (161)

Chapters Twenty-One-Twenty-Three

- 1. churning (163)
- 2. rueful (164)
- 3. languid (166)
- 4. augmented (168)
- 5. vigilant (169)
- 6. tantalizing (172) 7. impeded (176)
- 8. leaden (177)

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Chapters One—Two Sample Note-Taking and Summarizing: Chapter 1

To help you keep track of the novel's events as they happen, you will be keeping notes using a chart similar to the one below to help summarize the important details for each chapter. **Directions:** For each chapter, fill in the chart with the necessary information. An example for Chapter One is below. (Note: You do not need to write in complete sentences.)

_	
	(A description of where the action occurs.)
Setting	The novel begins in December in an unnamed community sometime in the future. After beginning outdoors, the scene progresses to the interior of Jonas's home.
	(List and describe important information about the characters in the chapter.)
·	Jonas- 11-year-old boy who is apprehensive about the upcoming Ceremony of Twelve
Characters	2. Lily- Jonas's 7-year-old little sister
Characters	3. Asher- Jonas's friend who is frequently reprimanded
	4. Jonas's father- works as a Nurturer
	5. Jonas's mother- works at the Department of Justice
	(A 3-5 sentence summary of the chapter.)
Summary of the Chapter	Jonas recalls feeling frightened when an unidentified jet flew over his community, and all the citizens were ordered to go inside. At the nightly "telling of feelings," Lily shares her frustration at playing with children who do not understand the rules. Father discusses a baby that he is nurturing at work, and Jonas confides that he is nervous about his upcoming Ceremony of Twelve.
	(Make a prediction of what you think will occur next.)
Prediction of Coming Events	Since Jonas discusses feeling scared and apprehensive, I think that something unexpected and frightening will happen to him.

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Note-Taking and Summarizing: Chapter 2

Ole-Taking and	
	(Write a description of where the action occurs,
,	including approximate time period.)
G 14*	
Setting	·
	(List and describe important information about
	the characters in the chapter.)
	1.
	2.
Characters	3.
1	4.
	4.
	5.
	6.
	(Write a 3-5 sentence summary of the chapter.)
	(Write a 3-5 screened days
Summary of the	
Chapter	
CF	
	(Make a prediction of what you think will
	occur in the next chapter.)
Prediction of	
Coming Events	
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Name	Period
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Chapters One—Two Comprehension Check

Directions: To help you understand all aspects of the novel, answer the following questions for Chapters 1-2. Write your answers on a separate piece of paper using complete sentences.

Chapter One

1. Explain why you think airplanes are not permitted to fly over the community.

2. List the different jobs that are mentioned in the chapter.

- 3. Discuss how the citizens and the Pilot are treated during the accidental fly-over.
- 4. Examine how Asher apologizes to his classmates when he is late to class. Do you think he should have to apologize in this way?
- 5. Several rituals, such as using a standard apology phrase and the nightly sharing of feelings, are described. Generalize why these rituals are used in the community.

6. What are Elevens and Sevens?

7. Compare your family's nightly routine to Jonas's family's nightly rituals.

- 8. Distinguish Lily's definition of animals from our definition of them. Why do you think Lily's definition might be different from ours?
- 9. Compare Father's job as Nurturer to a similar job in our society.

10. Explain why the male baby that Father discusses may be released.

11. Identify three reasons why someone may be released.

12. How are family units with parents and children created?

13. Why does Jonas's family share their feelings at dinner each evening? Why do you think this is an important aspect of life in this community? Is this something that is important to your family? Why or why not?

Chapter Two

1. Contrast why December is eventful in Jonas's society with why December is eventful in our society.

2. Describe and assess the Ceremony for the Ones. Do you agree or disagree with the community's way of handling birthdays? How?

3. Explain how babies are placed with families. What do you think about this arrangement? Do you think it is good or bad for the children? Explain your response.

4. Analyze where and how newchildren live until they are one. How could this affect their development?

5. Show how Father attempts to enhance Gabriel's nurturing.

6. Which rule is frequently broken?

7. How are rules changed in the community? How frequently does this occur?

8. Who is the most important Elder?

9. Explain how and when Assignments are made.

10. What do you think would happen if a citizen did not want to do his/her Assignment? What Assignment do you think you would be given?

11. Why do you think that individual birthdays are not celebrated? Why is age not important after becoming a Twelve?

12. Decide when and where the novel occurs. Could a society like this one actually be created? Explain your position.

Name	Period
Chapt	ers One—Two ards Focus: Foreshadowing
An auth upcoming the group author in plannin	or frequently includes subtle details or clues which hint at, or foreshadow , and events in a novel. Foreshadowing allows an author to build a novel while laying undwork for upcoming character and plot development. To utilize foreshadowing, an must plan the entire scope of a novel before he/she begins to write. Detailed g allows the author to include foreshadowing throughout the novel.
write a	ions: Below are some examples of foreshadowing in <u>The Giver</u> . For each example, specific prediction about the character or plot development that you believe is oreshadowed. After you finish reading the novel, reread your predictions to see curate they were. An example has been done for you.
Ex. Frighte	rightened meant that deep, sickening feeling of something terrible about to happen. ned was the way he had felt a year ago when an unidentified aircraft had overflown amunity twice He had never seen aircraft so close, for it was against the rules for ofly over the community. (pg. 1)
Predict	ion: Planes flying over the community will frighten Jonas in the future. They may be
war pla	nes about to attack the community.
(i.)	Father was listening with interest. "I'm thinking, Lily," he said, "about the boy who didn't obey the rules today. Do you think it's possible that he felt strange and stupid, being in a new place with rules that he didn't know about?" Lily pondered that. "Yes," she said, finally. "I feel a little sorry for him," Jonas said, "even though I don't even know him. I feel sorry for anyone who is in a place where he feels strange and stupid." (pg. 6)
	Prediction:
2.	Jonas and Lily nodded sympathetically as well. Release of newchildren was always sad, because they hadn't had a chance to enjoy life within the community yet. And they hadn't done anything wrong. There were only two occasions of release which were not punishment. Release of the elderly, which was a time of celebration for a life well and fully lived; and release of a newchild, which always brought a sense of what-could-we-have-done. This was especially troubling for the Nurturers, like Father, who felt they had failed somehow. But it happened very rarely. (pgs. 7-8)

\mathbf{n}	Period
	Prediction:
3.	Jonas shivered. He knew it happened. There was even a boy in his group of Elevens whose father had been released years before. No one ever mentioned it; the disgrace was unspeakable. (pg. 9)
	Prediction:
4.	His father nodded. "His name—if he makes it to the Naming without being released of course—is to be Gabriel. So I whisper that to him when I feed him every four hours, and during exercise and playtime." (pg. 12)
	Prediction:
5-	The Receiver was the most important Elder. Jonas had never even seen him, that h knew of; someone in a position of such importance lived and worked alone. (pg. 14) Prediction:
6.	"But it means," his mother went on, "that you'll move into a new group. And each of your friends will. You'll no longer be spending your time with your group of Elever After the Ceremony of Twelve, you'll be with your Assignment group, with those in training. No more volunteer hours. No more recreation hours. So your friends with no longer be as close." (pgs. 17-18)
	Prediction:
7	

seessment Preparation: Punctuation, Capitalization, Spelling, and Grammar for choose from the errors in punctuation, capitalization, spelling, and grammar for choose from the following sentences. Rewrite the sentences, correcting the errors you find. Here is more than one error for each sentence. An example has been done for you. 1. I'd been teaching her to ride mine even though technically I weren't supposed to. 1. I'd been teaching her to ride mine, even though technically I wasn't supposed to. 1. There was a ironic tone to that final mesage, as if the Speaker found it amusing and jonas had smiled a little, though he knew what a grim statement it has been. 2. now, thinking about the feeling of fear as he pedaled home along the river path, he remembers that moment of palpable stomach-sinking terror when the aircraft had streked above. 3. "Mail, father said. Hes a sweet little mail with a lovely disposition." 4. "i feel frightened, to, for him" she confessed. "You know that there's not no third chance. The rules say that if there's a third transgression, he simply has to be released.	ame	Period
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	chance. The rules say that	im" she confessed. "You know that there's not no third t if there's a third transgression, he simply has to be

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	It didn't seem a terrible important rule, but the fact that his father had broke a rule at all awed him
6.	"All the things I do with my friends" jonas pointed out, and his mother nodded in agreemnt.
7.	For a contributing citizen to be released from the community was a final decision, a terrible punishment, an overwhelming statement of failure
8.	I apologize for inconveniencing my learning community." asher ran through the standard apology phrase rapidly, still catching his breath.
9.	"Why do you think the visitors didn't obey the rules" mother asked.
10	o. "I'm feeling apprehensive," He confesed, "glad that the appropriate descriptive word has finally came to him."

Nama	Period			
Name				
Setting				
Characters				
Summary of the Chapter				
Prediction of Coming Events				

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No.	Name Note-Taking and Summarizing: Chapter 4					
	Setting					
	Characters					
	Summary of the Chapter					
	Prediction of Coming Events					

Chapters Three—Four Comprehension Check

Directions: To help you understand all aspects of the novel, answer the following questions for Chapters 3-4. Write your answers on a separate piece of paper using complete sentences.

Chapter Three

- 1. Infer why citizens are only allowed to use bicycles for individual transportation. What implications does this have for travel?
- 2. What physical trait do Jonas and Gabriel share?
- 3. Examine how this trait could link Jonas and Gabriel.
- 4. Summarize how Birthmothers are regarded in the community.
- 5. Generalize how individual differences and appearances are treated in the community.
- 6. Explain why Birthmothers never see newchildren.
- 7. Tell why Jonas takes the apple home.
- 8. Explain why Asher has to play catch.
- 9. Prepare a schedule for Jonas's family to follow when caring for Gabriel at night.
- 10. Differentiate most American families' evening routines from families' nightly routines in the community.

Chapter Four

- 1. Apply your knowledge of the community to explain why Assignments and the loss of free time occur at a young age.
- 2. What does the statement The rule against bragging is a good idea that is taken too far in the community mean? Do you agree or disagree? Why?
- 3. List items which are provided for members of the community.
- 4. How are the Ceremony of Twelve and Release of the Elderly celebrated as the only times a citizen is singled out as an individual?
- 5. Predict what Jonas's Assignment will be and why he receives that Assignment.
- 6. Illustrate how newchildren and the elderly are treated similarly.
- 7. Plan a Release Ceremony for an elderly person with whom you are acquainted. To where would you release him or her?

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hapters Three—Four tandards Focus: Point of View	
'oint of view is the viewpoint, or perspective, full of the properties of the prop	
novel may be told from the point of view of one of view of one of the novel.	
Even though <i>The Giver</i> is not written in first per refer to himself, the novel is written from Jonas' and feelings. This point of view is called <i>Third I</i>	son with Jonas using the pronoun "I" to spoint of view and focuses on his thoughts Person Limited.
Directions: Use your knowledge of the novel complete sentences. Include specific details from	to answer the following questions in n the text in your answers.
1.) From Jonas's point of view, Lily is too talkat does Jonas make that allows the reader to d	ive. What comments from Chapters 3-4
does Jonas make that allows	
2. Read the following passage:	
"Three years,' Mother told her fi they are Laborers for the rest of their ad House of the Old. Is that what you wan physical labor until you are old?" (pg.2	-)
It is obvious that Mother does not value the think a Birthmother feels about her Assign important? Why or why not?	Assignment of Rirthmother. How do you
3. Read the following passage:	
"There was absolutely nothing remarkand forth between his hands a few times," the circ for an instant only—it had change	kable about that apple. He had tossed it ba then thrown it again to Asher. And again— d.
Jonas had been completely mystified 'Ash?' he had called. 'Does anything	l. seem strange to you? About the apple?'

Name	Period
•	aughing. 'It jumps out of my hand onto the ground!' e again." (pg. 24)
takes it home. A) What was Jona	onas notices something different about an apple and later s's reason for taking it home? From Jonas's point of view her probably saw Jonas's actions as strange. B) Think about ords and/or actions were appropriate for the situation, but ituation.
B)	
4. Read the following passage:	
"It was against the rules for rule did not apply to newchildrer oneself covered while changing for glimpsed another's body was alw liked the feeling of safety here in on the woman's face as she lay in Jonas enjoys being in the bathing relaxing and safe. Since the story gregulate about the feelings of so	or children or adults to look at another's nakedness; but the or the Old. Jonas was glad. It was a nuisance to keep or games, and the required apology if one had by mistake rays awkward. He couldn't see why it was necessary. He this warm and quiet room; he liked the expression of trust a the water unprotected, exposed, and free." (pg. 30) g room at the House of the Old because he views it as y is basically told from Jonas's point of view, we can only ome of the other characters. How do you think Larissa feels to you think she feels safe? Why or why not?
community's rules and ritual	om the point of view of a citizen of the community, the is are presented as a normal part of life. If you visited the think of the community's rules and rituals? Which ones odd?

	Period
Assessme	ent Preparation: Word Origins—Etymology
Directions a. Re b. Di	: For each of the vocabulary words from Chapters 3-4: ead the origin of the word. raw an inference of the vocabulary word's meaning based upon the word's rigin.
a w	ook up the actual meaning in a dictionary. Trite a sentence using the vocabulary word with its correct definition. Thas been done for you.
Ex. chastis	se
a. Word	d Origin: <u>from Latin castigare "to drive"</u>
ь. Му I	Definition: to drive away wrongdoing
c. Dicti	ionary Definition: to correct or punish
d. Sent	ence: The boy's father will chastise him for speaking rudely to his mother.
h Mv	d Origin: <u>from Latin <i>petere</i> "to go to, attack, seek"</u> Definition:
c. Dict	tionary Definition:
d. Sen	tence:
2. remoi	rse
a. Wo	ord Origin: from Latin remordere "to bite again"
b. Му	Definition:
c. Die	ctionary Definition:
d. Ser	ntence:
3. convi	iction
a. W	ord Origin: from Latin convincere "to refute; convict"
ъ M·	y Definition:
c. Di	ictionary Definition:

.T	Period
	Sentence:
u. D	
4. has	
a. V	Word Origin: <u>from Old English haest "violence"</u>
ъ. 1	My Definition:
c. I	Dictionary Definition:
d. \$	Sentence:
5. tab	
a. `	Word Origin: <u>from Latin tabula "tablet"</u>
b	My Definition:
c.	Dictionary Definition:
d.	Sentence:
-	iisance
a.	Word Origin: from Old French nuisir "to harm"
b.	My Definition:
c.	Dictionary Definition:
d.	Sentence:
7. ch	nortle
a.	Word Origin: unknown; probably a blend of chuckle and snort
	My Definition:
c.	Dictionary Definition:
d.	. Sentence:

Name		Period
Chapters Five— Note-Taking and S	-Six Summarizing: Chapter 5	·
Setting		
Characters		
Summary of the Chapter		
Prediction of Coming Events		

3Y		Period
Name Note-Taking and	Summarizing: Chapter 6	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Setting		
Characters		
Summary of the Chapter		
Prediction of Coming Events		

Name	Period
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Chapters Five—Six Comprehension Check

Directions: To help you understand all aspects of the novel, answer the following questions for Chapters 5-6. Write your answers on a separate piece of paper using complete sentences.

Chapter Five

1. What do you think is the true purpose of the daily telling of dreams?

- 2. Discuss how Lily's and Mother's dreams reveal their feelings about the community's structure.
- 3. Examine the role of mothers in the community. Do you think the mothers have the option of deciding whether to stay home with their children or go to work? Why or why not?

4. Generalize why both parents in the family unit work outside the home and why the family includes only non-biological children.

- 5. What does Jonas's dream reveal about his psychological and physical development?
- 6. Contrast Jonas's actual experience bathing Larissa with his dream involving Fiona.
- 7. Explain how you would feel if you had to report all of your dreams and feelings to your family and the government.

8. Analyze the effects the pills have on the citizens.

- 9. Formulate why the community Elders would not want the citizens to have Stirrings.
- 10. Tell how Jonas feels about no longer experiencing Stirrings.

Chapter Six

- Name the major annual celebration in the community.
- 2. Show how the concept of "grouping" dominates the community.
- 3. Recommend a change to one of the age groupings. Justify your recommendation with reasons based on the text.
- 4. Assess whether Gabriel would develop better at the Nurturing Center for another year or with a name and a family. Provide reasons to support your answer.
- 5. Describe the Ceremony of Loss and the Murmur-of-Replacement Ceremony.
- 6. Explain the irony of each person having a name that no other individual in this particular community has.
- 7. Compare and contrast Jonas's neighborhood with yours.
- 8. Hypothesize what occurs when a citizen applies for Elsewhere.
- 9. Illustrate, in paragraph form, your vision of Elsewhere.
- 10. Create a situation in which someone may not fit into the community regardless of the "meticulous" and careful choices of the community's Elders.
- 11. How does Jonas show total trust in the Elders' decisions? Why do you think he is so trusting?

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hanters F		
n literature, a looming flow ymbolism to f a child's life ommunity.	uthors frequently use symbols to ers represent spring and changing add depth to his/her writing. In with a different symbol to represent	xperiences by year given in Chapters One- s for the child's growth and maturity. Once
Age	Changes	Symbolism
Ones		
Fours-Sixes	Jacket that buttons in the back	
Sevens		
Eights		·
Nines		
Tens		
Elevens		
Twelves		No longer a child, but a contributing member of the community
In the novel angel who I The Giver?	l, Gabriel is becoming a part of Jo predicted Jesus's birth. What clue	nas's family unit. In the Bible, Gabriel is the may this give the reader about Gabriel's role
<u> </u>		

Name		Period
Complete the chart	, we have rituals and events t below with examples of chan within <u>our society</u> .	hat mark important milestones of life. ges, and the symbolism of these events,
Age	Changes	Symbolism
Birth		
Four or Five		
Thirteen		
Fifteen or Sixteen		
Eighteen		
Twenty-One		
What is your impr the drawbacks and	ession of the difference in mile l benefits of each.	estones in Jonas's society and ours? Expla
_		
-		

Name	Period
Transc	
Chapters Five—Six Assessment Preparation: Identify	jing Parts of Speech
To understand how the English language is correcognize the parts of speech . If a sentence particular part of speech, or a part of speech marts of speech: nouns, verbs, adjectives, adversard prepositions.	nay be used incorrectly. There are eight main erbs, conjunctions, pronouns, interjections,
Directions: For each of the following sente the underlined words in the sentence. Write	nces, determine the part of speech for each of the part of speech on the line provided.
a Tongs said the standard phrase automs	$\frac{atically}{b}$, and tried to pay better attention while
1. Johas said the standard p	b
his mother told of a dream fragment, a	disquieting scene where she had been
<i>c</i> <u>chastised</u> for a rule infraction she did	
a b	c
	$b \hspace{1cm} c$ verful $\operatorname{\underline{emblem}}$ of moving gradually $\operatorname{\underline{out}}$ into the
community, away from the protective	
a b	с
	a b ecial <u>reprieve</u> from the committee, <u>and</u> granted
an additional year of <u>nurturing</u> befor	e his Naming and Placement.
a b	С
	b sign a pledge that they would $\overline{ ext{relinquish}}$ him
4. Each family member was required to c	sign a pieuge that may we —
without protest or appeal when he w	as assigned to his own family unit at next year's
Ceremony.	
a b	c

			Perio	
		applause, which was enthu		α b e <u>in</u> an <u>exuberant</u>
5.		•		
	swell when on	e parental <u>pair,</u> glowing wi	th pride, took a male newcl	nild and neard
	him named Ca			
	a	b	с	·
6.		an error reflected <u>negatively</u> of c c sense of order and <u>success</u> .		<i>b</i> ad <u>infringed</u> on the
		b		
7.		a b uity <u>was</u> so <u>meticulously</u> ord	c	
			c	
0		a		
8	. Like the Mat		aming and Placement of ne	ewchildren, the
8	. Like the Mat	a: ching of Spouses <u>and</u> the N	aming and Placement of ne c t through <u>by</u> the Committee	ewchildren, the
	. Like the Mat Assignments a	aching of Spouses <u>and</u> the N b s were <u>scrupulously</u> thought	aming and Placement of ne c t through <u>by</u> the Committee c.	ewchildren, the
	Assignments aa He watched	a ching of Spouses <u>and</u> the N b were <u>scrupulously</u> thought	aming and Placement of ne c t through <u>by</u> the Committee c b nains <u>of</u> the morning meal	ewchildren, the
	Assignments a. a He watched d by the front	aching of Spouses <u>and</u> the N beswere <u>scrupulously</u> thought b. while Mother tidied the rer	aming and Placement of no c t through by the Committee c. c. b mains of the morning meal w.	ewchildren, the
	Assignments a. a He watched d by the front a.	ching of Spouses <u>and</u> the N b s were <u>scrupulously</u> thought b. while Mother tidied the rer door for the Collection Cre	aming and Placement of no c t through by the Committee c. c. b mains of the morning meal w.	ewchildren, the
9	Assignments a a He watched d by the front a c a a a a	ching of Spouses and the N b s were scrupulously thought b. while Mother tidied the rer door for the Collection Cree b. d. b	aming and Placement of new content of the committee of through by the Committee content of the committee of the morning meal w.	ewchildren, the e of Elders. c and placed the tra
9	Assignments a a He watched d by the front a c a o. He sat politic	ching of Spouses and the N b s were scrupulously thought b. while Mother tidied the rer door for the Collection Cree b. d. b	aming and Placement of new content of the committee of through by the Committee content of the committee of the morning meal w.	ewchildren, the e of Elders. c and placed the tra
9	Assignments a a He watched d by the front a c a o. He sat politic bored as he a a a	ching of Spouses and the N b s were scrupulously thought b. while Mother tidied the rer door for the Collection Cree b. d. b ely through the ceremonies d	aming and Placement of new control of the Committee control of the Committee control of the morning meal w.	ewchildren, the e of Elders. c and placed the tra

Name		Period		
Chapters Seven—Eight Note-Taking and Summarizing: Chapter 7				
Setting				
Characters				
Summary of the Chapter				
Prediction of Coming Events				

NT	Period
Name Note-Taking and	Summarizing: Chapter 8
Setting	
Characters	
Summary of the Chapter	
Prediction of Coming Events	

Name	Period

Chapters Seven–Eight Comprehension Check

Directions: To help you understand all aspects of the novel, answer the following questions for Chapters 7-8. Write your answers on a separate piece of paper using complete sentences.

Chapter 7

- 1. Explain how the newchildren are identified before they are named.
- 2. Tell how the Chief Elder is determined.
- 3. Summarize the behavioral goals of the Elevens and the younger children.
- 4. Examine the character of Fiona and her abilities.
- 5. Analyze how many students are assigned to each job per year, and how this ensures a steady flow of workers for the community.
- 6. Articulate why using precise language is important to the community.
- 7. Explain how Asher was disciplined for using the incorrect word for "snack." Assess whether he received an appropriate or inappropriate consequence for misusing a word. Provide reasons to support your answer.
- 8. What is Asher's Assignment? How does his Assignment affirm the Committee's choice of Assignments?
- 9. Describe what occurs as Jonas waits to be called to the stage.
- 10. Explain what Jonas thinks when his number is skipped.

Chapter 8

- Describe the applause when Jonas is finally called to the stage.
- 2. "Discomfort" is frequently used to describe the community's feelings. Why are the citizens uncomfortable? What adjectives may more precisely describe the community's feelings?
- 3. Contrast how Jonas anticipated he would approach the stage with how he actually does so.
- 4. Write a description of the Receiver.
- 5. Explain why the community could not afford another failure with the Receiver-in-Training.
- 6. List the rules which govern the Receiver-in-Training.
- 7. List and explain the five qualities the Receiver must possess.
- 8. Explain Jonas's reaction to Seeing Beyond.
- 9. Based on what you know about the Receiver, would you want this Assignment? Provide reasons to support your answer.
- 10. How does Jonas feel about becoming the Receiver-in-Training?

Name	Period
	oters Seven—Eight dards Focus: Setting and Problem
•	ng is one of the most important aspects of a novel. Setting includes: Time: historical time period, season, time of day Geographical location: weather, landforms, physical arrangement of locations General Environment: religious, mental, moral, and emotional conditions Social/Political Environment: daily manner of living, occupations, rules and government
encou	lem is the conflict that occurs in a novel. A desire to see the problem resolved rages the reader to keep reading a book. In <i>The Giver</i> , the novel's setting contributes conflicts and problems that occur.
Direc senter	ctions : For each section, answer the questions about the novel's setting in completences. Think about how the setting creates conflicts in the novel.
Time	
1.	When does the novel take place?
2.	What season or time of year is it?
3∙	Without seasons, how does the community keep time?
Geog	raphy
4.	What types of weather occur in the community?
5.	What types of landforms, such as hills and rivers, exist in the community?
6.	Describe the homes and buildings in the community.
7-	How does the Sameness in the community's geography parallel the community's structures and values?

	Period
	renou
Gener	ral Environment
8.	Explain the community's religious and moral beliefs.
	Explain how individual thought and personal decision-making is stifled in this
9.	Explain now individual thought and personal desired
	community.
10	. What problems might be created in a society that puts the needs of the community
10	above all personal/individual desires?
Soci	al/Political Environment
Soci	1. How do citizens select a career? How do Assignments complement the community's
11	1. How do cluzens select a career. How do =====
	goals?
	2. What aspects of citizens' daily lives does the government control?
1	2. What aspects of Chizens daily 11.00 11.00
-	13. What problems might occur because of this?
-	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

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Chapters Seven—Eight Assessment Preparation: Vocabulary in Context When reading, you must infer the meaning of words by looking at context clues. Contex clues are words located in a sentence or paragraph that help the reader figure out the meaning of unfamiliar vocabulary. In addition to looking for context clues, a reader must also look at how the word is used in the sentence to infer its meaning.
clues are words located in a sentence or paragraph that help the reader figure out the meaning of unfamiliar vocabulary. In addition to looking for context clues, a reader must
Directions: For each vocabulary word (in bold print), first indicate the part of speech which the word appears (noun, verb, etc.). Also, infer an original definition for the vocabulary word based upon the clues in the sentence. Finally, look up the word and writs definition.
Ex. The speech was much the same each year: recollection of the time of childhood and the period of preparation, the coming responsibilities of adult life, the profound importance Assignment, the seriousness of training to come.
a. Part of Speech: adjective
b. Inference: <u>deep, strong</u>
c. Definition: great, deep, strong, or intense
1. Birthmother was an important job, if lacking in prestige .
a. Part of Speech:
b. Inference:
c. Definition:
2. "In fact," the Chief Elder continued, chuckling a little herself, "we even gave a little thought to some retroactive chastisement for the one who had been Asher's Instructo of Threes so long ago."
a. Part of Speech:
b. Inference:
c. Definition:

	Period
Name	the others in his group glance at him, embarrassed, and then avert their eyes
g. He saw t quickly.	the others in his group giance at inni, empartuseed, and annual
a.]	Part of Speech:
b. 3	Inference:
c. :	Definition:
4. The conseemed	mmunity, relieved from its discomfort very slightly by her benign statement, d to breathe more easily.
·a.	Part of Speech:
b.	Inference:
c.	Definition:
could,	we observe as playfulness and patience – the requirements to become Nurturer –, with maturity, be revealed as simply foolishness and indolence . Part of Speech:
Ъ.	Inference:
c.	Definition:
comn	refore the selection must be sound. It must be a unanimous choice of the nittee. They can have no doubts, however fleeting."
a.	Part of Speech:
	. Inference:
c.	Definition:
7. Then whic	she turned and left the stage, left him there alone, standing and facing the crowd th began spontaneously the collective murmur of his name.
а	. Part of Speech:
ŀ	o. Inference:
	Definition:
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Mama		Period	
1(01)10	-Ten Summarizing: Chapter 9		7 .
Setting	- ·		
Characters			
Summary of the Chapter			
Prediction of Coming Events			

Name		Period	
Note-Taking and Summ	arizing: Chapter 10		
Setting			
Characters			
Summary of the Chapter			
Prediction of Coming Events			

Name	Period

Chapters Nine-Ten Comprehension Check

Directions: To help you understand all aspects of the novel, answer the following questions for Chapters 9-10. Write your answers on a separate piece of paper using complete sentences.

Chapter Nine

- 1. Tell how the Assignment of Receiver differs from other Assignments.
- 2. Describe how Jonas's friends treat him differently after the Assignments are announced. Why do you think they do this?
- 3. How does Lily plan to apply her knowledge of newchildren through her volunteer
- 4. Explain what happened to the previous Receiver-in-Training.
- 5. What honors in our society are similar to the honor Jonas receives?
- 6. Assess the instructions Jonas receives for his Assignment. How would you react if you received these instructions?
- 7. Describe how Jonas will spend his time as Receiver-in-Training.
- 8. Recommend how Jonas should handle the prohibition on dream-telling.
- 9. Predict reasons that a citizen would apply for release.
- 10. Discuss how being told he may lie alters Jonas's perception of adults.

Chapter 10

- 1. Tell how the Attendant shows respect for Jonas.
- 2. Contrast the Receiver's living space with the other citizens' dwellings.
- 3. What does Jonas realize when he sees the books at the Receiver's office?
- 4. How are Jonas and the Receiver physically similar?
- 5. Relate how Jonas and the Receiver are to work together.
- 6. What memories does the Receiver possess?
- 7. Examine how Jonas's discussion with the Receiver changes his perceptions of the
- 8. Explain the metaphor of the snow that The Giver uses to describe how the memories
- 9. How does the Receiver transmit a memory to Jonas?

Name	Period
Chapters Nine—Ten Standards Focus: Imag	
	his/her words to create a scene in the reader's mind. To relies on descriptive and figurative language.
Directions: Read each of the and try to picture the scene in the questions for each passage	following passages. After reading each one, close your eyes your mind. Once you have the picture in your mind, answer , based on your own detailed description of the image you see.
It was not unlike his own familiation community: practical, sturdy, table for eating. A desk for sturbly his own dwelling. The fabrics luxurious; the table legs were small carved decoration at the with a splendid cloth embroid. But the most conspicuous covered by bookcases, filled, uperhaps thousands — of books. What kind of picture is formed.	e door and found himself in a comfortably furnished living area. ly unit's dwelling. Furniture was standard throughout the , the function of each piece clearly defined. A bed for sleeping. A udying. his spacious room, though each was slightly different from those in on the upholstered chairs and sofa were slightly thicker and more not straight like those at home, but slender and curved, with a e foot. The bed, in an alcove at the far end of the room, was draped ered over its entire surface with intricate designs. It is difference was the books this room's walls were completely which reached to the ceiling. There must have been hundreds—s, their titles embossed in shiny letters. (pgs. 73-74)
Is it somewhere you have bee: Explain.	n before, or is it a made up place, based upon Lowry's description?
pictured in your mind. Your	again and while using specific details, vividly describe the place you description may include the colors, shapes, and details of the images. Try to imitate the descriptiveness and detail with which Lowry d details based upon your own thoughts.

ame	Period
"It's as if" The man paused, seen description. "It's like going downhill thr exhilarating: the speed; the sharp, clear runners, and you slow, you have to push	ning to search his mind for the right words of ough deep snow on a sled," he said, finally. "At first it's air; but then the snow accumulates, builds up on the hard to keep going, and—" (pg. 78)
	d
Is it somewhere you have been before, or	r is it a made up place, based upon Lowry's description?
Without reading the passage again and we pictured in your mind. Your description	while using specific details, vividly describe the place you nay include the colors, shapes, and details of the images nitate the descriptiveness and detail with which Lowry based upon your own thoughts.
What are some of the benefits of using help the reader? Explain.	specific details in your writing? How does creating image

Select one of the passages above. Create an illustration of the imagery portrayed by the author on a separate piece of paper. Since the author gives so much detail, your drawings should also be very detailed.

Jame Period	_
Chapters Nine—Ten Assessment Preparation: Verb Tense and Agreement	
A verb expresses action or a state of being. When writing, the verb must agree in number with the rest of the sentence. The tense of the verb (past, present, or future) must also make ogical sense in the context of the sentence.	æ
Example: Holding the folder she had given him, he make his way through the throng, looking for his family unit and for Asher.	
Correction: Holding the folder she had given him, he made his way through the throng looking for his family unit and for Asher.	, ,
He, the subject of the sentence, is singular, so the verb must also be in the singular form. The action of holding the folder has already occurred in the past, so the verb made must also be in the past tense.	
Directions: After reading each sentence below, provide a) the subject of the sentence, be correct form of the verb in bold print in the given sentence. [Remember that the verb in must agree in number (singular or plural) and in tense (past, present, or future) with the subject in the context of the sentence.] Then in c) rewrite the entire sentence, changing the tense of the entire sentence to the tense in italics. An example has been done for you.	e
Ex. "See you in the morning, Recreation Director!" he call, dismounting by his door a	5
Asher continued on. a) subject: he b) bold verb in past tense: called by subject in past tense.	
c) Sentence in <i>present</i> tense: "See you in the morning, Recreation Director!" he	
calls, dismounting by his door as Asher continues on.	
 He imagine Benjamin, the scientific male in his group, beginning to read pages or rules and instructions with relish. 	
b) bold verb in <i>future</i> tense:	-
c) Sentence in past tense:	- -
2. It be an integral part of the learning of precise speech.	
a) subject: b) bold verb in past tense:	-
c) Sentence in present tense:	- -
3. Then she seem to notice his discomfort and to realize its origin.	
a) subject: b) bold verb in <i>present</i> tense:	_
c) Sentence in future tense:	_

Tomo	Period
	The fabrics on the upholstered chairs and sofa was slightly thicker and more luxurious; the table legs were not straight like those at home, but slender and curved with a small carved decoration at the foot.
	a) subject: b) bold verb in <i>present</i> tense:
	c) Sentence in future tense:
5.	"But that does not mean I am perfect, and when I tried to train a successor, I will fail."
	a) subject: b) bold verb in past tense:
	c) Sentence in present tense:
6.	Jonas do so, a little apprehensively.
	a) subject: b) bold verb in future tense:
	c) Sentence in present tense:
7.	In each dwelling tonight they are studying the instructions for the beginning of their training.
	a) subject: b) bold verb in <i>future</i> tense:
	c) Sentence in past tense:
8.	A name designated Not-to-Be-Spoken indicated the highest degree of disgrace.
	a) subject: b) bold verb in <i>present</i> tense:
	c) Sentence in future tense:
Ω	He will wonder briefly, though, how to deal with it at the morning meal.
7	a) subject: b) bold verb in <i>past</i> tense:
	c) Sentence in present tense:
1	o. He certainly does n't want to be late for his first day of training, either.
	a) subject: b) bold verb in future tense:
	c) Sentence in past tense:

Name		Period	
	—Twelve ummarizing: Chapte	r 11	
Setting			·
Characters		,	
Summary of the Chapter			
Prediction of Coming Events	·		

Name	Period
Note-Taking and	Summarizing: Chapter 12
Setting	
Characters	
Summary of the Chapter	
Prediction of Coming Events	

Period _____

NamePer	iod
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Chapters Eleven—Twelve Comprehension Check

Directions: To help you understand all aspects of the novel, answer the following questions for Chapters 11-12. Write your answers on a separate piece of paper using complete sentences.

Chapter Eleven

- 1. Describe the memory The Giver transmits to Jonas.
- 2. Discuss how Jonas feels about the memory he receives.
- 3. Compare a new experience that you enjoyed to Jonas's first experience of snow.
- 4. Explain the two ways in which Jonas can see.
- 5. Based on The Giver's comments, measure the age of the community.
- 6. Name aspects of nature that were eliminated when the community went to Sameness.
- 7. Distinguish between honor and power as they refer to The Giver's position in the community.
- 8. Examine how the process of receiving a memory works.
- 9. Infer why the gentleman's title changed to The Giver.

Chapter Twelve

- 1. Describe how Gabriel sleeps.
- 2. Discuss the dream that Jonas has. How does Jonas feel about the dream when he wakes up?
- 3. Relate how Jonas's position makes him feel different from his classmates.
- 4. Infer why the Old are punished for disobedience and what the punishment says about the community's culture.
- 5. List the three examples of "seeing beyond" that Jonas experiences.
- 6. Generalize what seeing beyond means.
- 7. Contrast The Giver's memories with the memories of the other citizens in the community.
- 8. What does the world look like to the citizens of this community?
- 9. List items over which the community gained control and items they let go. Was the trade-off worth it? Would you want to give up these things? Why or why not? Give reasons to support your answer.

Name		Period
Chapters Eleven— Twelv Standards Focus: Eleme	e nts of Style	
An author's style is what different Sentence structure, descriptive land language, and vocabulary all contraffect how the reader interacts with	iguage, tone, word choic ribute to an author's dis	inctive style. An author's style can
classic. She utilizes factual tone, sentence, repetition, sentence fragm style.	symbolism, sensory image ents, and unusual prope	er nouns to formulate the novers
Directions : Identify the element passages. Elements may be used style that have been used in each have on the reader. An example	more than once. Once generated the effect of	Will little incliffica the compite of
factual tone first person point of view unusual proper nouns	symbolism repetition precise word choice	sensory images sentence fragments descriptive vocabulary
Ex. It was very <u>startling</u> (A); but energy, and he breathed again, ye could feel <u>cold air swirling around</u> where they lay at his sides, and contact the start of the start o	<u>teeling the sharp intake</u> nd his entire body (C). I over his back.	of fright all (D). Web, 100, 100 He felt it blow against his hands
Elements of style: A. precise	word choice; B. sensory	image, descriptive vocabulary; C.
sensory image		•
Effect: The author begins the	description with the str	ong word "startling" and not just
the word "scary." The descri	<u>otion includes sensory i</u>	mages which allow the reader to feel
the frigid air that Jonas expe	riences, helping to creat	e an image in the reader's mind.
and he came to a stop. He sat	e opened his eyes – <u>not</u> e strange ride. He open	th for the thin runners of the sled, nting, holding the rope (A) in his his snow-hill-sled eyes (C), for they ed his ordinary eyes, and saw that he
Elements of style: A		В
C		

ame	Period
Effect:	
Mooti	
·	
	·
"And hills, too," he added. "They made <u>cobuses</u> . <u>Slowed them down</u> . <u>So</u> —" (B) He was to disappear. "Sameness," he concluded.	nveyance of goods unwieldy. (A) Trucks; vaved his hand, as if a gesture had caused hills
Elements of style: A	B
Effect:	
reach the something that waited in the dis was welcoming. That it was significant. (I	eling that he wanted, even somehow needed, to stance. The feeling that it was good. (A) That B BB
Refrect:	
Effect.	
	"There's administrative work, and the dietar (A) – did you know that they use a discipline all children? And there's occupational therapy ons, and—"
Elements of style: A.	В
Effect:	

Chapters Eleven— Twelve Assessment Preparation: Synonyms and Antonyms			
antonium for pac	Directions: Using a thesaurus and/or a dictionary, fill in one synonym and one antonym for each of the vocabulary words. Then write a sentence using the vocabulary word, showing that you understand the word's meaning and how it should be used in a		
1. torrent	synonym:	antonym:	
sentence:			
2. glee sentence:	synonym:	antonym:	
	synonym:	antonym:	
	synonym:	antonym:	
5. admonition		antonym:	
6. dumbfound		antonym:	
7. wryly	synonym:	antonym:	
sentence:			

Period _____

Name		Period
Chapters Thirteen—Fourte Note-Taking and Summarizing		
Setting		
Characters		
Summary of the Chapter		
Prediction of Coming Events		

Name		Period	
Note-Taking and Summarizing: Chapter 14			
Setting			
Characters			·
Summary of the Chapter			
Prediction of Coming Events			

Period_

Name		Period
	 T	

Chapters Thirteen—Fourteen Comprehension Check

Directions: To help you understand all aspects of the novel, answer the following questions for Chapters 13-14. Write your answers on a separate piece of paper using complete sentences.

Chapter Thirteen

- 1. What is happening to the colors that Jonas sees?
- 2. Discuss why Jonas wants to select the color of his tunic.
- 3. Discuss experiences in which you are or have been protected from making poor
- 4. In your opinion, would it be worse to suffer the consequences of making poor choices or not to be able to make choices at all?
- 5. What do you think would have happened if Jonas had successfully transmitted memories to Asher and Lily?
- 6. Through memories, Jonas learns about grief. Explain how the community's structures usually prevent the citizens from experiencing grief. Why is this a good or
- 7. Summarize why it would be challenging for the Receiver to be part of a family unit.
- 8. Relate the differences in how Jonas, the Elders, and The Giver view "life."
- 9. Infer what would happen in the community if all the citizens had access to the memories.

Chapter Fourteen

- 1. Assess how Jonas's new memory of sledding differs from his previous memories of sledding. What does this memory symbolize?
- 2. Tell why Jonas does not take any medicine for the pain from his sledding memory.
- 3. How do the citizens' reasons for wanting to increase the birth rate relate to the overall goal of the community?
- 4. Calculate how the past famine and war may have contributed to the community's
- 5. Explain how the roles of Giver and Receiver ensure order in the community.
- 6. Explain the plan by which Jonas and The Giver attempt to change the structure of the
- 7. Create an argument to try to convince the Elders that memories should be available to everyone in the community.
- 8. List areas in which Gabriel has and has not met the Nurturers' standards.
- 9. Describe Jonas's beliefs about Elsewhere.
- 10. Relate how the two times in which Jonas transmits a memory to Gabriel differ.
- 11. Jonas broke a rule by transmitting a memory to Gabriel. Should Jonas turn himself in for this infraction? Why or why not?

Name	Period
Chap Stan	ters Thirteen—Fourteen lards Focus: Conflict
	ct results from two opposing forces in a story. Four common types of conflict are: Man vs. himself—a character experiences conflict between forces within him/herself Man vs. man—a character experiences a conflict with another person Man vs. nature—a character struggles to overcome forces of nature Man vs. society—a character struggles with elements of his/her society
Direc exemp	tions: Read each passage from Chapters 13-14. Identify which type of conflict it lifies and explain it.
tur	"Well" Jonas had to stop and think it through. "If everything's the same, then re aren't any choices! I want to wake up in the morning and decide things! A blue ic, or a red one?" He looked down at himself, at the colorless fabric of his clothing. "But it's all the ne, always." (pg. 97)
	pe of conflict: man vs. society
Ex <u>life</u>	planation: <u>Jonas is frustrated with the restrictions and lack of choices placed on his</u> by the community's structure.
_	But when the conversation turned to other things, Jonas was left, still, with a cling of frustration that he didn't understand. He found that he was often angry, now: irrationally angry at his groupmates, that ey were satisfied with their lives which had none of the vibrance his own was taking or he was angry at himself, that he could not change that for them. (pg. 99)
	Type of conflict:
	Explanation:
he fi	Jonas went and sat beside them while his father untied Lily's hair ribbons and ombed her hair. He placed one hand on each of their shoulders. With all of his being a tried to give each of them a piece of the memory But his father had continued to comb Lily's long hair, and Lily, impatient, had nally wiggled under her brother's touch. "Jonas," she said, "you're hurting me with our hand." (pg. 101)
	Type of conflict:
	Explanation:

3. "When you become the official Receiver, when we're finished here, you'll be given a whole new set of rules. Those are the rules that I obey. And it won't surprise you that I ©2008 Secondary Solutions 65 The Giver Literature Guide

Name	Period
am	n forbidden to talk about my work to anyone except the new Receiver. That's you, of curse." (pg. 103)
	Type of conflict:
	Explanation:
it (it,	By himself, he (Jonas) tested his own developing memory. He watched the adscape for glimpses of the green that he knew was embedded in the shrubbery; when came flickering into his consciousness, he focused upon it, keeping it there, darkening holding it in his vision as long as possible until his head hurt and he let it fade away. 19. 106)
	Type of conflict:
	Explanation:
tl Jo	The sled moved forward, and Jonas grinned with delight, looking forward to the reathtaking slide down through the invigorating air. But the runners, this time, couldn't slice through the frozen expanse as they had on ne other, snow-cushioned hill. They skittered sideways and the sled gathered speed. On on as pulled at the rope, trying to steer, but the steepness and speed took control from is hands and he was no longer enjoying the feeling of freedom but instead, terrified, was the mercy of the wild acceleration downward over the ice. (pg. 108)
	Type of conflict:
	Explanation:
d	I knew that there had been times in the past—terrible times—when people had lestroyed others in haste, in fear, and had brought about their own destruction." (pg. 12)
	Type of conflict:
	Explanation:
7- 1	He wondered, though, if he should confess to The Giver that he had given a memory away. He was not yet qualified to be a Giver himself; nor had Gabriel been selected to be a Receiver. That he had this power frightened him. He decided not to tell. (pg. 117)
	Type of conflict:
	Explanation:
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Name			Period	
Char	tors Thirtee	n— Fourteen	bulary Extensio	on
comple senten	_+_ +l-	. Each word will be cabulary word on o) 119 <i>00</i> 00111 0000, 121	w, select the word that best Then write an original per and staple it to this
	irrationally agony	sinuous assuage	assimilated ominous	embedded placidly
1.	The wind had a	/an	soun	d before the tornado struck.
2.	The	snake o	curled up in the tree.	
3.	After Adam bro	ke his leg, he was in		until the doctor set it.
4.	The infant playe	ed	in her crib as s	he listened to lullabies.
5.	Patrick worried crowd at the foo		that his pa	rents would lose him in the
6.	The archaeolog	ist delicately remov	ed the	fossils from the
7.	Even though it guilt for causin		thing could	Sarah's
8.	The welcoming over the years.	community		_ many immigrants into it

Name	Period
Chapters Fifteen—Seventeen Note-Taking and Summarizing: Chapters 15-16	

Setting		
Characters		
Summary of the Chapter		
Prediction of Coming Events		

Name	Period		
Note-Taking and Summarizing: Chapter 17			
Setting			
Characters			
Summary of the Chapter			
Prediction of Coming Events			

Name	 	Period

Chapters Fifteen—Seventeen Comprehension Check

Directions: To help you understand all aspects of the novel, answer the following questions for Chapters 15-17. Write your answers on a separate piece of paper using complete sentences.

Chapters Fifteen—Sixteen

- 1. Contrast how you experience history with how the Receiver experiences it.
- 2. The community was partly created to avoid war in the future. Decide whether Jonas would prefer to live in the community or in a society with war. Give reasons to support your answer.

3. Describe how Jonas's life differs from the lives of his classmates.

4. Create a chart which lists positive and negative qualities of the outside world that Jonas has experienced through the memories.

5. Show how extended families in the community differ from extended families in our society.

- 6. Jonas tells The Giver, "I just didn't realize there was any other way, until I received that memory." Predict how the memory of a family at Christmas will affect Jonas's feelings about the community. Give reasons to support your
- 7. Jonas is amazed by the feeling of love he observes among the family members in the memory. Analyze how a family in our society would function without love between its members.

8. Who does Jonas wish could be his grandparent? Is this possible?

- 9. Any form of risk is avoided in the community. Examine the types of risk we experience in our daily lives.
- 10. Explain how being proud of someone is not the same thing as loving them. Do you think Jonas's parents understand the concept of love? Why or why not?
- 11. What does Jonas admit to Gabriel? How does Jonas convey love to Gabriel?

Chapter Seventeen

- 1. What effect does discontinuing the pills have on Jonas?
- 2. Discuss why Jonas reacts so strongly to the game played by his groupmates.
- 3. Explain the statement, "he [Jonas] knew that such times had been taken from him now."
- 4. Explain what Father must do after the identical twins are born.

Name_	Period
Chap	ters Fifteen—Seventeen lards Focus: Theme
careful	es are the central ideas in a work of literature. The themes must often be inferred by ly examining the characters' words and actions, as well as the plot, setting, and mood novel. Themes can be concrete objects such as family and friends, ideas like love and uality, and experiences such as survival and human connection.
Direc t After e	tions: Read and answer the questions about the following excerpts from the novel. xamining each pair of quotes, use them to infer a theme from the novel.
feelina	Pair: trudged to the bench beside the Storehouse and sat down, overwhelmed with s of loss. His childhood, his friendships, his carefree sense of security—all of these seemed to be slipping away. (pg. 135)
1.	What does Jonas miss about his childhood?
celebro favori strong "Lo Jon	Tarmth," Jonas replied, and happiness. And—let me think. Family. That it was a attion of some sort, a holiday. And something else—I can't quite get the word for it.' Jonas hesitated. "I certainly liked the memory, though. I can see why it's your te. I couldn't quite get the word for the whole feeling for it, the feeling that was so in the room." ove," The Giver told him. has repeated it. "Love." It was a word and concept new to him. (pg. 123, 125) How does Jonas "see" love in the memory?
3.	How do these passages illustrate Jonas's desire for human connection?
Saco	theme does this first pair of quotes reveal? nd Pair: Elevens have spent all your years till now learning to fit in, to standardize your

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Name	Period
4.	How does standardizing one's appearance and behavior help the Elevens fit into their group?
now h	d seen a birthday party, with one child singled out and celebrated on his day, so that se understood the joy of being an individual, special and unique and proud. (pg. 121)
5.	Why is Jonas so intrigued by the birthday party?
6.	How does a person in Jonas's community balance being an individual with being a contributing member of society?
	How is this different from being an individual in our society?
. 7·	
Wha	t theme does this second pair of quotes reveal?
With had why	ed Pair: This new, heightened feelings, he was overwhelmed by sadness at the way the others have a his new, heightened feelings, he was overwhelmed by sadness at the way the others laughed and shouted, playing at war. But he knew that they could not understand, without the memories. (pg. 135) How are the memories influencing Jonas's present life?
Jone (pg.	eems to work pretty well that way, doesn't it? The way we do it in our community?" as asked. "I just didn't realize there was any other way, until I received that memory. 125)
Ġ	9. What do the memories show Jonas about a different way of life?
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Name	Period
TValle	
10.	. What does the community lose by not having memories? What does it gain?
What	theme does this third pair of quotes reveal?
Jos speak that," veru i	th Pair: nas nodded. "I liked the feeling of love," he confessed. He glanced nervously at the eer on the wall, reassuring himself that no one was listening. "I wish we still had he whispered. "Of course," he added quickly, "I do understand that it wouldn't work well. And that it's much better to be organized the way we are now. I can see that it dangerous way to live." (pg. 126)
11.	. Why does Jonas think it was "dangerous" way to live?
how, "A sleepi	Things could change, Gabe," Jonas went on. "Things could be different. I don't knou but there must be some way for things to be different. There could be colors. And grandparents," he added, staring through the dimness toward the ceiling of his ingroom. "And everybody would have the memories." (pg. 128)
12	. What would Jonas like to change about the community?
13	3. How could Jonas change his society? Do you think he would be more successful working for change from within or outside of the community?
Wha	t theme does this fourth pair of quotes reveal?

nteen n: Punctuation when interpreting a text. Commas tell the reader when to r when the writer completes a thought; quotation marks ter is speaking; question marks cue an interrogative wing sentences with correct punctuation on the lines e directed aware that in such anguish The Giver might need
ter is speaking; question marks cue an interrogative wing sentences with correct punctuation on the lines directed aware that in such anguish The Giver might need
directed aware that in such anguish The Giver might need
he had ridden a gleaming brown horse across a field that nd had dismounted beside a small stream from which both he l clear water
well that way doesn't it The way we do it in our community
lid about precision of language Jonas realized that it was a nat he was experiencing

	Period
	Now he had in the memories experienced injustice and cruelty and he had reacted with rage that welled up so passionately inside him that the thought of discussing it calmly at the evening meal was unthinkable
6.	I'm the one who's training for Assistant Recreation Director Asher pointed out angri Games aren't your area of expertness
7.	-
	feelings of loss
8.	
	Do you actually take it Elsewhere Father Jonas asked

Name	Period			
Chapters Eighteen—Twenty Note-Taking and Summarizing: Chapters 18-19				
Setting				
Characters				
Summary of the Chapter				
Prediction of Coming Events				

Name	Period			
Note-Taking and Summarizing: Chapter 20				
Setting				
Characters				
Summary of the Chapter				
Prediction of Coming Events				

AT	Period
Name	

Chapters Eighteen—Twenty Comprehension Check

Directions: To help you understand all aspects of the novel, answer the following questions for Chapters 18-20. Write your answers on a separate piece of paper using complete sentences.

Chapter Eighteen

1. What rule was added to the Receiver's job description ten years ago?

2. Compare and contrast Rosemary and Jonas.

3. Examine the irony of Rosemary being stunned by the memory of a child being taken from its parents.

4. Explain why Rosemary applied for release.

5. Generalize what would happen to the memories if Jonas disappeared.

Chapter Nineteen

1. Infer why identical twins are not allowed in the community.

2. Why do you think The Giver encourages Jonas to watch the video of the twin's release? Should The Giver have done this? Why or why not?

3. What does Jonas's father do to the infant?

4. Show how an actual release differs from Jonas's expectations of one.

5. Explain how seeing the release changed Jonas's opinion of his father.

6. Assess if Rosemary truly understood release before she asked for one. How did Rosemary choose to deal with the memories?

Chapter Twenty

1. Does Jonas feel more attached to his family unit or to The Giver? Give reasons to support your answer.

2. Explain how the infant is a metaphor for Jonas.

3. Relate how the memories empower as well as destroy Jonas.

4. Discuss how The Giver wants to change the community from within.

5. How did The Giver first experience life beyond the community?

6. Infer why Jonas and The Giver think a society exists outside the community.

7. Summarize Jonas's escape plan.

- 8. Conclude why The Giver believes Rosemary is his daughter. How does he think he can be with her?
- 9. Decide what the author foreshadows at the end of this chapter. What clues lead you to this conclusion?

Name	Period
	pters Eighteen—Twenty dards Focus: Character Development
may p	thor reveals information about a novel's characters in a variety of ways. A character provide information about him or herself by sharing his/her thoughts, words, and as with the reader. Likewise, a narrator or other characters can also provide the reader nsight about a particular person.
exam	ctions: Using the clues, locate specific quotes or descriptions about Jonas to show ples of his behavior or personality throughout the novel. Use these excerpts to write a graph about Jonas on the next page.
1.	How Jonas feels about the upcoming Ceremony (Chapter 1):
2.	What Jonas initially believes release is like (Chapter 4):
3.	How Jonas feels about the Elders' decisions (Chapter 6):
4.	When Jonas experiences seeing beyond (Chapter 8):
5-	When Jonas learns of a world beyond the community (Chapter 10):
6.	How Jonas feels about the world outside the community (Chapter 12):
7.	How Jonas feels about all the citizens having memories (Chapter 14):
8	When Jonas learns about love and real families (Chapter 16):

ame	Period
9.	When Jonas disagrees with the community's practices (Chapter 20):
10.	On the lines below, write 1-2 paragraphs detailing how Jonas and his opinion of the community change from the beginning of the novel through Chapter 20. Use
	statements and quotes from the novel to support your argument.

Name	Period
	ers Eighteen—Twenty sment Preparation: Precise Word Choice
Authors change t	carefully select the words they use when writing. Using a specific word can subtly the mood, strength, and meaning of a text.
each ser Then ex	ions: Below are excerpts from the novel that include precise language. Rewrite atence substituting a similar, but less specific, word for the word in bold print. plain why the bold-print word more effectively conveys the author's meaning. An e has been completed for you. Use your definitions list or a dictionary for help.
	e," Jonas said in a dejected voice. He was not looking forward to the end of the , when he would become the new Receiver.
a.	Rewrite Sentence: "Me," Jonas said in a depressed voice. He was not looking forward to the end of the training, when he would become the new Receiver.
Ъ.	Explanation: <u>Dejected conveys the depth of Jonas's sadness, and that he does not want to be the new Receiver.</u> <u>Depressed just tells the reader that Jonas is sad.</u>
1. Th	ne Giver hesitated painfully, as if saying the name aloud might be excruciating . Her name was Rosemary," he told Jonas, finally.
a.	Rewrite Sentence:
ъ.	Explanation:
2. "I	[Giver] couldn't bring myself to inflict physical pain on her [Rosemary]."
a.	Rewrite Sentence:
b.	Explanation:
3. "I	wish I could watch," he [Jonas] added, as an afterthought .
a.	Rewrite Sentence:
ъ.	Explanation:

Name	Period
4. "I	[Giver] do know that I sat here numb with horror. Wretched with helplessness."
a.	Rewrite Sentence:
b.	Explanation:
	[Giver] am empowered to lie. But I have never lied to you [Jonas]."
a.	Rewrite Sentence:
b.	Explanation:
	I [Giver] think that they [citizens] can, and that they will acquire some wisdom." Rewrite Sentence:
Ъ	Explanation:
]	Confronted by a situation which they [citizens] had never faced before, and having no memories from which to find either solace or wisdom, they would not know what to do and would seek his [Giver's] advice.
а	. Rewrite Sentence:
b	Explanation:

Name		Period
Chapters Twenty-One—Twenty-Three Note-Taking and Summarizing: Chapter 21		
Setting		
Characters		
Summary of the Chapter		
Prediction of Coming Events		

Name		renod		
Note-Taking and Summarizing: Chapters 22-23				
Setting				
,				
Characters				
Summary of the Chapter				
Prediction of Coming Events				

Name			
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Chapters Twenty-One—Twenty-Three Comprehension Check

Directions: To help you understand all aspects of the novel, any questions for Chapters 21-23. Write your answers on a separate complete sentences.

Chapter Twenty-One

- 1. What forces Jonas to flee the community sooner than he ha
- 2. Discuss how Jonas staying overnight with The Giver leads † Gabriel.
- 3. Show how the author lets the reader believe that Gabriel ha
- 4. Infer why citizens may not leave their dwellings at night or the community.
- 5. Create a different escape plan for Jonas and Gabriel.
- 6. Explain how Jonas nurtures Gabriel more than the Nurture in the newchildren's caretakers being called Nurturers.
- 7. Describe how the author uses planes to bookend the novelher purpose?
- 8. How well do you think The Giver's plan to return memorie:
- 9. Relate how the author introduces elements of science fictio
- 10. Estimate how far Jonas and Gabriel have traveled and if th communities.

Chapter Twenty-Two

- 1. Analyze how the natural world changes as Jonas and Gabri community.
- 2. Discriminate between Jonas's and Father's methods of nur
- 3. Tell how Jonas's survival instincts while he is fleeing the conhelived in the community.
- 4. Differentiate how Jonas feels about his survival compared

Chapter Twenty-Three

- 1. Examine what Jonas experiences: Is the snow just a figme the snow real? Is Jonas freezing and/or starving to death?
- 2. Contrast Gabriel when he is fleeing the community to how the community.
- 3. Imagine and describe what the boundary between the comworld looks like.
- 4. Assess if Jonas is dreaming, dying, or really escaping the converted whether a sled would be waiting if the scene is real.
- 5. What clues lead the reader to think that Jonas is reaching 1 thought existed?
- 6. Lois Lowry intended the ending of the novel to be ambigue ending? Why or why not? Discuss other possibilities for tl

Name	 Period
Name	•

Chapters Twenty-One—Twenty-Three Standards Focus: Elements of Plot

Plot is the related series of events that create the action in a novel. There are several parts of a plot:

• **Exposition**- the beginning of the novel that gives background information on the setting and characters

• Rising action- the development of complications and problems within the novel

• Climax- the turning point of the novel when the protagonist makes an important decision that often changes the direction of the story

• Falling action- the action that occurs after the climax when the story begins to wrap up

• Resolution- the conclusion of the novel when the loose ends are tied up

Directions: Complete the chart below, filling in each box with a short description of the action that corresponds with each box.

